

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

5 A method for producing beta-carotene and carotene-related pigments
in which a plurality of thermophilic microorganisms is collected and screened for the
production of pigments. Those pigment-producing thermophilic microorganisms
having yellow, red or orange coloration are identified and separated from the
collection of thermophilic microorganisms. Thereafter, the selected pigment-
producing thermophilic microorganisms are mutated by non-recombinant means to
enhance pigment production, forming a mutant pigment-producing thermophilic
microorganism. In accordance with one embodiment of this invention, a gene of
interest suitable for producing a protein of interest is introduced into the mutant
pigment-producing thermophilic microorganism, resulting in over-production of the
carotene pigment and the protein of interest. Also disclosed are suitable plasmids and
expression vectors suitable for use in the method of this invention.